Covid 19 Impact on Families

İbrahim Kurt
ibrahimkurt42@gmail.com
https://orcid.org/0000-0001-7297-286X

Ferah Diba Izgi
izgiferahdiba@gmail.com
https://orcid.org/0009-0003-3048-0391

Abstract
The COVID-19 pandemic has had a significant impact on families worldwide. The virus has spread rapidly, leading to lockdowns and social distancing measures to slow its spread. These measures have led to job losses, economic uncertainty, and financial stress for many families. Additionally, the closure of schools and other educational institutions has led to challenges in providing education and childcare. The isolation and social distancing measures have also led to mental health concerns, particularly for children and young people. This literature review study aims to provide a comprehensive overview of the impact of COVID-19 on families, with a focus on the unique challenges that they face during this pandemic.

Keywords: COVID-19, family, children, mental health, education, isolation

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1. Introduction

The COVID-19 pandemic is a global health crisis caused by the novel coronavirus. The virus, first identified in Wuhan, China in 2019, has spread rapidly and has affected nearly every country in the world (He et al. 2020; Srivastava et al. 2020). It primarily spreads through respiratory droplets and symptoms can range from mild to severe.

The COVID-19 pandemic has drastically changed the lives of people all over the world, and families have been particularly affected by the pandemic (Adisa et al. 2021; Yavorsky et al. 2021). The virus has spread rapidly, leading to lockdowns and social distancing measures to slow its spread. These measures have led to job losses, economic uncertainty, and financial stress for many families (Blanco et al. 2022; Chung et al. 2022). Additionally, the closure of schools and other educational institutions has led to challenges in providing education and childcare. The isolation and social distancing measures have also led to mental health concerns, particularly for children and young people (Fegert et al. 2020).

The pandemic has had a significant impact on families. Many countries have implemented lockdowns and social distancing measures to slow the spread of the virus, which has forced many businesses to close, and many people to lose their jobs (Panneer et al. 2022). This has led to economic uncertainty and financial stress for many families (Yavorsky et al. 2021). Furthermore, schools and other educational institutions have closed, leading to challenges in providing education and childcare. The isolation and social distancing measures have also led to mental health concerns, particularly for children and young people.

In this article, it will be examined the various ways in which the COVID-19 pandemic has affected families and the unique challenges they are facing during this crisis. It will be also explored some strategies that families can use to cope with these challenges and ways in which they can support each other during this difficult time.

2. The methodology

The methodology section of this literature review aimed to identify and synthesize existing research related to the impact of COVID-19 on families.

The inclusion criteria for articles were studies that focused on the impact of COVID-19 on families, including parents, children, and other family members. Reviews were independently screened the titles and abstracts of the identified articles for eligibility. Data were extracted from the included studies, including the study design, sample size, demographic characteristics of participants, and key findings related to the impact of COVID-19 on families.

The results of the literature review were synthesized narratively, focusing on the key themes related to the impact of COVID-19 on families, including economic stress, educational challenges, and mental health concerns.
3. Reasons for Keeping Youngsters at Home

The schools have been one of the gathering places in the society. To control the spread of infection in public places, schools have been closed, and young people in the education system have stayed at home (Tadesse & Muluye, 2020). It is crucial to keep youngsters at home during the COVID-19 pandemic for the sake of public health. The virus is primarily transmitted through respiratory droplets, and young people can carry it without displaying symptoms (Hadaway, 2020; Leung et al. 2020). By keeping them at home, the risk of them contracting and spreading the virus to vulnerable individuals such as the elderly or those with underlying health conditions is reduced.

In-person activities and gatherings pose more risks, especially for young people who tend to engage in social activities. This can lead to a higher risk of exposure to the virus. By keeping them at home, the risk of exposure is significantly reduced, and the potential for exposure at school or extracurricular activities is eliminated (Psaki et al. 2022). The virus spreads primarily through respiratory droplets, which can easily be transmitted through close contact with infected individuals.

Classrooms in schools, where students are near each other, present a particular risk for the spread of the virus. This risk is even greater in situations where physical distancing is difficult to maintain (Li et al. 2023). Moreover, students who travel to school on buses or other forms of transportation may be at risk due to close proximity to others during transit.

Sports and physical activities, which involve close contact with others in shared spaces such as locker rooms, bathrooms, and common areas in schools, can also increase the risk of exposure to the virus. These activities increase the chance of contact with contaminated surfaces or proximity to infected individuals (Salonen et al. 2023).

The government and health officials have advised maintaining social distancing and avoiding unnecessary social contacts (Klinenberg & Leigh, 2023). Keeping youngsters at home is one way to achieve this goal.

4. Challenges of Keeping Youngsters at Home

Keeping youngsters at home during the COVID-19 pandemic can be challenging for families. Youngsters may find it difficult to cope with the lack of social interaction with their peers and may miss the companionship and interaction that they would typically have in a school or extracurricular setting (Sberna, 2023; Winfield et al. 2023). Remote learning can also be challenging, especially for those who require hands-on learning experiences or in-person instruction. Also, some families may not have access to reliable internet or devices for online learning.

The isolation and uncertainty caused by the pandemic can have a negative impact on the mental health of youngsters. They may experience stress, anxiety, or depression due to the changes in their daily routines and social lives (Maljaars et al. 2023; Minervini et al. 2023). Limited opportunities for physical activity can also be detrimental to their physical and mental health.
health. Keeping youngsters at home can also place a significant burden on parents who may be juggling work and childcare responsibilities while dealing with their own stress and uncertainty related to the pandemic. It may also cause financial strain on families, particularly if one or both parents are unable to work due to the pandemic.

To mitigate these challenges, families can explore alternative ways to promote social interaction for youngsters, such as virtual playdates or online clubs. Parents can also work with schools and educators to ensure that remote learning is effective and accessible for their children (Lane, et al. 2023). Furthermore, families can prioritize physical activity and encourage outdoor activities while adhering to public health guidelines. It is important to acknowledge the challenges and seek support when needed to help youngsters and families navigate this unprecedented time.

It is important for families to find ways to address these challenges and support one another during this difficult time. This may include seeking support from community resources, finding creative ways to stay connected with friends and family, and prioritizing self-care and mental health.

5. Strategies for Coping with Home-Based Care

The COVID-19 pandemic has caused many families to face the challenge of caring for their children at home, which can be stressful and demanding. To cope with this, it's important to establish a daily routine that provides structure and normalcy. This routine can include fixed times for meals, learning, and leisure activities. Creating a dedicated workspace for learning and work can help to separate work and play activities, making it easier to focus (Kurt, 2015). Families should prioritize self-care, including activities like exercise, meditation, and relaxation. Staying connected with friends and loved ones through virtual means, such as video calls, social media, and text messaging, can also help. Fun activities like playing games, watching movies, or cooking can be enjoyed together as a family (Shannon, 2023). It's important to maintain a positive attitude and try to find the good in difficult situations. Families can seek support from community resources, such as mental health professionals and support groups (Furudate et al. 2023). Lastly, families should remain flexible and adaptable as the situation is ever-changing.

It is also important for families to remember that it is normal to feel stressed and overwhelmed during this time, and to be kind and patient with themselves and others. By implementing these strategies, families can better cope with the challenges of home-based care during the pandemic.

5.1. Limited social interactions and potential for isolation

The COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in limited social interactions and potential for isolation for families. Physical distancing measures, recommended by governments and health organizations to slow the spread of the virus, have resulted in the closure of public spaces such as schools, extracurricular activities, and community centers (Kim, 2020). This has greatly limited opportunities for social interactions for families. Also, remote learning for youngsters has further limited their chances to interact with peers, while many adults working
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from home have also experienced reduced opportunities for social interactions with colleagues and friends. Moreover, travel restrictions implemented by many countries have made it difficult for families to visit loved ones or travel for work or leisure. The fear of contracting the virus may also discourage some families from engaging in social interactions, further limiting their opportunities (Roberto et al. 2021). Even if public places are open, they often have limited capacity and stringent safety measures, which can make it challenging for families to engage in social interactions.

These factors can lead to feelings of isolation, loneliness, and depression for families, which can have a negative impact on their mental and emotional well-being. It is important for families to find ways to stay connected with friends and family during this difficult time, such as through virtual meetings and social media (Kurt, 2023; Nascimento, et al. 2023; O'Keeffe & Clarke-Pearson, 2011).

Families can also find ways to engage in activities that promote social interactions, such as joining online communities, participating in virtual events, or organizing small gatherings with safety measures in place. Additionally, they can also seek support from community resources, such as mental health professionals and support groups.

5.2. Utilizing online resources for education and socialization

Utilizing online resources for education and socialization can be a valuable tool for families during the COVID-19 pandemic, as it allows children to continue learning and interacting with others while staying at home. Many schools and educational institutions have shifted to online learning platforms like Google Classroom or Zoom to continue providing instruction to students (Chipamaunga et al. 2023). Virtual museum tours and field trips are also being offered by many museums, zoos, and cultural institutions, allowing students to explore and learn from home. Educational apps and games can be used as supplements for learning and to keep children engaged. Online tutoring services are also available for students. Social media and video conferencing platforms like Facebook and Zoom can be used by families to stay connected with friends and loved ones, and to participate in virtual social activities. Additionally, families can join online communities and forums to connect with other families who are facing similar challenges with home-based care during the pandemic.

It is important for families to monitor their children's online activities and to set limits on screen time. It is also important to note that online resources should be used as a supplement rather than a replacement for in-person interactions and learning.

5.3. Managing stress and maintaining mental health

Managing stress and maintaining mental health is crucial for families during the COVID-19 pandemic. The unprecedented change, uncertainty, and isolation brought on by the pandemic can take a toll on mental health. For managing stress and maintaining mental health for families during the COVID-19 pandemic, acknowledging and expressing feelings of stress, anxiety, and sadness is important during difficult times (Kumar & Nayar, 2021). This can be achieved through activities like journaling, talking to a therapist, or discussing with loved ones. It is also crucial to practice self-care, including activities like exercise, meditation, and relaxation, which should be prioritized by families (Lewis & King, 2019; Mavridis et al.)
Establishing a daily routine can also help create structure and a sense of normalcy, by setting regular times for meals, learning, and leisure activities. Staying connected with friends and loved ones is important and can be done through virtual means like video calls, social media, and text messaging. If feelings of stress, anxiety, or depression persist, seeking professional help, such as consulting a mental health professional or joining a support group, may be necessary. Moreover, families can explore new activities and ways of connecting with others, like online fitness classes, virtual game nights, and community-building initiatives. Finally, it is vital to seek support from community resources, like mental health professionals and support groups, if needed.

It is important to remember that it is normal to feel stressed, anxious or overwhelmed during this time, and that it is important to take care of one's mental health. It's also significant to recognize that everyone's needs are different and that it's important to find what works best for each individual and family.

6. Discussion and Conclusion

Keeping youngsters at home during the COVID-19 pandemic is a challenging task, and it's vital that families are supported and understood throughout this difficult time. Communities, educators, and employers should take an active role in providing support and resources to families and ensuring that they have the information and tools they need to navigate this unprecedented situation.

The COVID-19 pandemic has had a significant impact on families, with many facing extraordinary challenges. They navigate the complexities of balancing work and home responsibilities, providing adequate supervision and education for their children, and managing stress and maintaining mental health (Guy & Arthur, 2020; Schultheiss, 2006). The need for support and understanding for families during this time is crucial.

It's important to remember that families are dealing with a lot of uncertainty, and clear and accurate information about the pandemic and any measures that are being taken to control it are essential for them to make informed decisions about their well-being. Communities, educators, and employers should take an active role in providing support and resources to families and ensuring that they have the information and tools they need to navigate this unprecedented situation.

Moreover, it's important for families to take care of their mental and physical health, and to find ways to stay connected with loved ones, even if it's remotely. They can also explore online resources for education, and socialization, and set routines and schedules to help them cope with home-based care.

In these challenging times, it's important to remember that families are not alone and that there is help available. It is essential that the society all comes together to support families and help them navigate this difficult time. Together, the society can get through this pandemic, and come out stronger on the other side.

Keeping youngsters at home during the COVID-19 pandemic is important for several reasons. One of the main reasons is to reduce the spread of the virus. Young people can be carriers of...
the virus and may spread it to vulnerable populations such as older adults and those with underlying health conditions. Additionally, in-person activities and gatherings can increase the risk of exposure to the virus.

Another reason to keep youngsters at home is to support the efforts of healthcare professionals and public health officials. By staying home, families can help to reduce the burden on the healthcare system and allow healthcare professionals to focus on treating those who are most in need.

It is also important to keep in mind the challenges and difficulties that families may face during this time. These include difficulty in balancing work and home responsibilities, limited social interactions and potential for isolation, difficulty in providing adequate supervision and education, and managing stress and maintaining mental health.

Strategies for coping with home-based care, such as setting routines and schedules, utilizing online resources for education and socialization, and managing stress, can help families navigate these challenges.

Overall, keeping youngsters at home during the COVID-19 pandemic is crucial for protecting public health, supporting healthcare professionals, and helping families navigate the challenges of the pandemic.
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